

Guru Jambheshwar University of Science and Technology Curriculum for First Year Undergraduate Degree Courses in Engineering & Technology

(w. e. f. session 2018-19)

General, Course structure & Theme Semester-wise credit distribution

A. Definition of Cred a

Hr. Lecture (L); week	1 credit
Hr. Tutora! (1) reveek	1 credit
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week	0.5 credits
2 Hours Practical(Lab)/week	1 credit

B. Range of credits -

A range of credits from 150 to 160 for a student to be eligible to get Under Graduate degree in Engineering. A studen, will be eligible to get Under Graduate degree with Honours or additional Minor Engineering, if he/she completes an additional 20 credits. These could be acquired through MOOCs.

C. Structure of Undergraduate Engineering program:-

For all semesters

5. 0.	Category	Suggested Breakup of
	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses	Credits(Total 160)
	Basic Science courses	12*
: 3	Engineering Science courses in al. I'	25*
1	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basing of electrical/mechanical/computer etc	24*
1	Professional core courses	40*
	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen	48*
	SDecialization/branch	18*
D .	Open subjects Electives from other technical and /or emerging	18*
/	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere	
8	Mandatory Courses	15*
- 3. 20.	[Induction training, Environmental Sciences, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge]	(non-credit)
inor	Total variation is Nowed as per need of the respective disciplines.	160*



For First year

S.	Category	Credits
No.		
1	Humanities and Social Sciences courses	03
2	Basic Science courses	19
3	Engineering Science courses	16
4	Mandatory Courses	00
	Total	38

D. Credit distribution in the First year of Undergraduate Engineering Program:

	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Laboratory/Practical (P)	Total credits (C)
Physics	3	1	3	5.5
Chemistry	3	1	3	5.5
Maths-I	3	1	0	4
Maths -II	3	1	0	4
Programming for Problem solving	3	0	4	5
English	2	0	2	3
Engineering Graphics & Design	1	0	4	3
Workshop/Manufacturing Practices	1	0	4	3
Basic Electrical Engg.	3	1	2	5
Total				38

E. Course code and definition:-

Course code	Definitions
L	Lecture
Τ	Tutorial
P	Practical
С	credits
BSC	Basic Science Courses
ESC	Engineering Science Courses
HSMC	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses
MC	Mandatory courses

F. Category of Courses:-

BASIC SCIENCE COURSES

(FIRST YEAR)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Но	Credits		
			L	T	P	
2	BSC101	Physics	3	1	3	5.5
1	BSC102	Chemistry	3	1	3	5.5
3	BSC103/105	Maths –I	3	1	0	4
4	BSC104/106	Maths –II	3	1	0	4



ENGINEERING SCIENCE COURSES

(FIRST YEAR)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	H	lours per w	eek	Credits
			L	T	P	
1	ESC101	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	2	5
2	ESC102	Engineering Graphics & Design	1	0	4	3
3	ESC103	Programming for Problem Solving	3	0	4	5
4	ESC104	Workshop/Manufacturing Practices	1	0	4	3

HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES INCLUDING MANAGEMENT

(FIRST YEAR)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits
			L	Т	Р	
1	HSMC101	English	2	0	2	3

MANDATORY COURSES

(FIRST YEAR)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
i	MC 101	Induction Training	0	0	3	0.0
2	MC102	Environmental Sciences	3	0	0	0.0
, 1	MC103	Indian Constitution	3	0	0	0.0

G. Structure of curriculum

Mandatory Induction Training

(3 weeks duration)

- Physical activity
- reative Arts
- niversal Human Values
- Literary
- · Proficiency Module
- Lectures by Eminent People
- Visits to local Areas
- Familiarization to
 - Dept./Branch & Innovations

-c3 -



Scheme (First year) Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology

Semester I

SI. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Ho we	urs p ek	er	Credits
1	Basic Science	Disciple		L	T	P	
1	Courses	BSC101	Physics (Group A)	3	1	3	-5.5
							-
		BSC 102	Chemistry (Group B)	3	1	3	~
2	Basic Science Courses	BSC103	Maths –I	3	1	0	4.0
		BSC105 /	Maths –I (for CSE/IT)				٢
3	Engineering Science	ESC101	Basic Electrical Engineering (Group A)	3	1	2	5.0
	Courses	:		77 .	·	<u> </u>	-
		ESC103 - 3	Programming for Problem Solving (Group B) (200).	3	0	4	-
4	Engineering Science	ESC104	Workshop/Manufacturing Practices (Group A)	1	0	4	3.0
	Courses					·	
		ESC102 ?	Engineering Graphics & Design (Group B)	1	0	4	1
5	Mandatory Courses	MC 101	Induction Training (Group A & B)	0	0	3	0.0
Total			John J		-	├	17.5

Semester II

SI. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Ho	urs p ek	er	Credits
1				L	$\top T$	P	
1	Basic Science Courses	BSC101	Physics (Group B)	3	1	3	5.5
						+	
		BSC 102	Chemistry (Group A)	3	1	3	!
2	Basic Science Courses	BSC104	Maths –II	3	1	0	4.0
		BSC106	Maths -II (for CSE/IT)				
3	Engineering Science	ESC101	Basic Electrical Engineering(Group B)	3	1	2	5.0
	Courses	ESC103	Programming for Problem Solving(Group A)	3	0	4	
4	Engineering Science	ESC104	Workshop/Manufacturing Practices (Group B)	1	0	4	3.0
	Courses				<u> Т</u>		
		ESC102	Engineering Graphics & Design (Group A)	1	0	4	
5	Humanities and Social Sciences	48MC101	English	2	0	2	3.0
	including Management	: : :					
	Courses		,		1		
6	Mandatory Courses	MC102	Environmental Sciences (Group A)	3	0	0	0.0
	Courses	746102					
Total	L	MC103	Indian Constitution (Group B)	3	0	0	
TOTAL							20.5





Group	Disciplines
A	 Electronics and Communication Engineering Electrical Engineering Electrical and Electronics Engineering Printing Technology Packaging Technology Printing and Packaging Technology Mechanical Engineering Agricultural Engineering Aeronautical Engineering Automobile Engineering
В	 Computer Science and Engineering Information Technology Biomedical Engineering Food Technology Civil Engineering

Note:

- 1. The following disciplines have been shifted from Group B to Group A w.e.f. session 2018-19
 - Electrical Engineering
 - Elect: md Electronics Engineering

? The following and Antory courses (non-credit) will be offered in semesters as shown below:

Inductora Training	1 st Semester (Group A & Group B)
Environmental Sciences	2 nd Semester (Group A)
	3 rd Semester (Group B)
Indian Constitution	2 nd Semester (Group B)
	3 rd Semester (Group A)
Essence of Indian Traditional	4th Semester (Group A)
Knowleage	5th Semester (Group B)



Curriculum Contents (First year)

Course code		BSC10	2					
Category		Basic S	Science Co	ourse				
Course title	urse title Chemistry (Theory & Lab.))		
		Contents (i) Chemistry (Concepts in chemistry for engineering) (ii) Chemistry Laboratory						
Scheme and	Credits	L	Т	P	Credits			
		3	1	3	5.5			
Pre-requisit	es (if any)	-	<u> </u>			,		
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Theory	•	Assignments, quiz etc. (6 marks) Emester examination: Nine questions are to be set by the examiner. Question number one will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. It will contain seven short answers type questions. Rest of the eight questions is to be set with a fair weightage of all the units. All questions will carry equal marks.					
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Lab.	•	• Internal practical evaluation is to be done by the course coordinator.					

(i) Chemistry (Concepts in chemistry for engineering) [L:3; T:1; P:0 (4 credits)]

Detailed contents

(i) Atomic and molecular structure (12 lectures)

Schrodinger equation. Particle in a box solutions and their applications for conjugated molecules and nanoparticles. Forms of the hydrogen atom wave functions and the plots of these functions to explore their spatial variations. Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules and plots of the multicentre orbitals. Equations for atomic and molecular orbitals. Energy level diagrams of diatomics. Pi-molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene and aromaticity. Crystal field theory and the energy level diagrams for transition metal ions and their magnetic properties. Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.

(ii) Spectroscopic techniques and applications (8 lectures)

Principles of spectroscopy and selection rules. Electronic spectroscopy. Fluorescence and



its applications in medicine. Vibrational and rotational spectroscopy of diatomic molecules. Applications. Nuclear magnetic resonance and magnetic resonance imaging, surface characterisation techniques. Diffraction and scattering.

(iii) Intermolecular forces and potential energy surfaces (4 lectures)

lonic, dipolar and van Der Waals interactions. Equations of state of real gases and critical phenomena. Potential energy surfaces of H₃, H₂F and HCN and trajectories on these surfaces.

(iv) Use of free energy in chemical equilibrium (6 lectures)

Thermodynamic functions: energy, entropy and free energy. Estimations of entropy and free energies. Free energy and emf. Cell potentials, the Nernst equation and applications. Acid base, oxidation reduction and solubility equilibria. Water chemistry. Corrosion. Use of free energy considerations in metallurgy through Ellingham diagrams.

(v) Periodic properties (4 Lectures)

Effective nuclear charge, penetration of orbitals, variations of s, p, d and f orbital energies of atoms in the periodic table, electronic configurations, atomic and ionic sizes, ionization energies, electron affinity and electronegativity, polarizability, oxidation states, coordination numbers and geometries, hard soft acids and bases, molecular geometries

(vi) Fremochemistry (4 lectures)

Representations of 3 dimensional structures, structural isomers and stereoisomers, configurations and symmetry and chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity, absolute configurations and conformational analysis. Isomerism in transitional metal compounds

(vii) Organic reactions and synthesis of a drug molecule (4 lectures)

Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings. Synthesis of a commonly used drug molecule.

Suggested Text Books

- (i) University chemistry, by B. H. Mahan
- (ii) Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane
- (iii)Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell
- (iv) Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B. L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M. S. Krishnan
- (v) Flysical Chemistry, by P. W. Atkins
- (vi)Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K. P. C. Volhardt and N. E. Schore, 5th Edition http://bcs.whfreeman.com/vollhardtschore5e/default.asp

Course Outcomes

The concepts developed in this course will aid in quantification of several concepts in chemistry that have been introduced at the 10+2 levels in schools. Technology is being increasingly based on the electronic, atomic and molecular level modifications.

Quantum theory is more than 100 years old and to understand phenomena at nanometer levels. One has to base the description of all chemical processes at molecular levels. The



course will enable the student to:

- Analyze microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbitals and intermolecular forces.
- Rationalize bulk properties and processes using thermodynamic considerations.
- Distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques
- Rationalize periodic properties such as ionization potential, electro negativity, oxidation states and electro negativity.
- List major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis of molecules.

(ii) Chemistry Laboratory [L:0; T:0; P:3 (1.5 credits)]

Choice of 10-12 experiments from the following:

- Determination of surface tension and viscosity
- Thin layer chromatography
- Ion exchange column for removal of hardness of water
- Determination of chloride content of water
- Colligative properties using freezing point depression
- Determination of the rate constant of a reaction
- Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions
- Potentiometry determination of redox potentials and emfs
- Synthesis of a polymer/drug
- Saponification/acid value of an oil
- Chemical analysis of a salt
- Lattice structures and packing of spheres
- Models of potential energy surfaces
- Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction
- Determination of the partition coefficient of a substance between two immiscible liquids
- Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal
- Use of the capillary viscosimeters to the demonstrate of the isoelectric point as the pH of minimum viscosity for gelatin sols and/or coagulation of the white part of egg.

Laboratory Outcomes

- The chemistry laboratory course will consist of experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering. The students will learn to:
- Estimate rate constants of reactions from concentration of reactants/products as a function of time
- Measure molecular/system properties such as surface tension, viscosity, conductance of solutions, redox potentials, chloride content of water, etc
- Synthesize a small drug molecule and analyse a salt sample



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Course code		BSC101							
Category		Basic Science Course							
Course title		Phy	sics (T	heory	& Lab.)				
Scheme and	Credits	L	T	P	Credits				
	3	1	3	5.5					
		Con	rse cont	ents in	Physics (A	any one)			
		(tromagnetic Theory			
		(ii) In	troducti	ion to Mec	hanics			
		(*		-	ntum Mechanics for Engineers			
					n, Waves	and Optics			
Course	Theory	Inter	nal Exan						
Assessment					ts each of 2				
Methods	i				ance measu	red through percentage of lectures attended			
(Internal: 30;		(4 marks)							
External:		'	_	-	quiz etc. (6	marks)			
70)		End	semester						
,		1 '		•		et by the examiner.			
		•				Il be compulsory and based on the entire			
			-			even short answers type questions.			
		,	Rest of the up		gni questio	ns is to be set with a fair weightage of all			
					will commit o	qual marks.			
		Ì	•		•	•			
		The Students will be required to attempt 05 questions in all.							
Course	Lab.	 Internal practical evaluation is to be done by the course coordinator. The end semester practical examination will be conducted jointly by 							
Assessment									
Methoda			exter	nal and i	nternal exai	miners.			
(Internal: 30;									
External:									
70)									

(i)Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory [L:3; T:1; P:0 (4 credits)]

Pre-requisites (if any)	Mathematics course with vector calculus

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Electrostatics in vacuum (8 lectures)

Calculation of electric field and electrostatic potential for a charge distribution; Divergence and correspond to felectrostatic field: Laplace's and Poisson's equations for electrostatic potential and uniqueness of their solution and connection with steady state diffusion and thermal conduction; Practical examples like Farady's cage and coffee-ring effect; Boundary conditions of electric field and electrostatic potential; method of images; energy of a charge distribution and its expression in terms of electric field.

Module 2: Electrostatics in a linear dielectric medium (4 lectures)



Electrostatic field and potential of a dipole. Bound charges due to electric polarization; Electric displacement; boundary conditions on displacement; Solving simple electrostatics problems in presence of dielectrics – Point charge at the centre of a dielectric sphere, charge in front of a dielectric slab, dielectric slab and dielectric sphere in uniform electric field.

Module 3: Magnetostatics (6 lectures)

Bio-Savart law. Divergence and curl of static magnetic field; vector potential and calculating it for a given magnetic field using Stokes' theorem; the equation for the vector potential and its solution for given current densities.

Module 4: Magnetostatics in a linear magnetic medium (3 lectures)

Magnetization and associated bound currents; auxiliary magnetic field \vec{H} ; Boundary conditions on \vec{B} and \vec{H} . Solving for magnetic field due to simple magnets like a bar magnet; magnetic susceptibility and feromagnetic, paramagnetic and diamagnetic materials; Qualitative discussion of magnetic field in presence of magnetic materials.

Module 5: Faraday's law (4 lectures)

Faraday's law in terms of EMF produced by changing magnetic flux; equivalence of Faraday's law and motional EMF; Lenz's law; Electromagnetic breaking and its

applications; Differential form of Faraday's law expressing curl of electric field in terms of time-derivative of magnetic field and calculating electric field due to changing magnetic fields in quasi-static approximation; energy stored in a magnetic field.

Module 6: Displacement current, Magnetic field due to time-dependent electric field and Maxwell's equations (5 lectures)

Continuity equation for current densities; Modifying equation for the curl of magnetic field to satisfy continuity equation: displace current and magnetic field arising from time-dependent electric field; calculating magnetic field due to changing electric fields in quasi-static approximation. Maxwell's equation in vacuum and non-conducting medium; Energy in an electromagnetic field: Flow of energy and Poynting vector with examples. Qualitative discussion of momentum in electromagnetic fields.

Module 7: Electromagnetic waves (8 lectures)

The wave equation: Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, their transverse nature and polarization: relation between electric and magnetic fields of an electromagnetic wave; energy carried by electromagnetic waves and examples. Momentum carried by electromagnetic waves and resultant pressure. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

Suggested Test Books

(i) David Griffiths. Introduction to Electrodynamics





Suggested Reference Books:

- (i) Halliday and Resnick, Physics
- (ii) W. Saslow, Electricity, magnetism and $\frac{\mathrm{dig}(\mathbf{a})}{\mathrm{dig}(\mathbf{a})}$

Course Outcomes

- To be framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar
- * Laboratory Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory [L:0; T:0; P:3 (1.5 credits)] Choice of experiments from the following:
 - Experiments on electromagnetic induction and electromagnetic breaking;
 - LC circuit and LCR circuit;
 - Resonance phenomena in LCR circuits;
 - Magnetic field from Helmholtz coil;
 - Measurement of Lorentz force in a vacuum tube.

Laboratory

Ourcomes:

• To be framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar



(ii)Introduction to Mechanics[L:3; T:1; P:0 (4 credits)]

Pre-requisites (if any) High-school education

Detailed contents:

Module 1: (8 lectures)

Transformation of scalars and vectors under Rotation transformation; Forces in Nature; Newton's laws and its completeness in describing particle motion; Form invariance of Newton's Second Law; Solving Newton's equations of motion in polar coordinates; Problems including constraints and friction; Extension to cylindrical and spherical coordinates

Module 2: (7 lectures)

Potential energy function; F = - Grad V, equipotential surfaces and meaning of gradient; Conservative and non-conservative forces, curl of a force field; Central forces; Conservation of Angular Momentum; Energy equation and energy diagrams; Elliptical, parabolic and hyperbolic orbits: Kepler problem; Application: Satellite manoeuvres;

Module 3: (5 lectures)

Non-inertial frames of reference; Rotating coordinate system: Five-term acceleration formula.

Centripetal and Coriolis accelerations; Applications: Weather systems, Foucault pendulum;

Module 4: (6 lectures)

Harmonic oscillator: Damped harmonic motion – over-damped, critically damped and lightly-damped oscillators: Forced oscillations and resonance.

Module 5: (5 lectures)

Definition and motion of a rigid body in the plane; Rotation in the plane; Kinematics in a coordinate system rotating and translating in the plane; Angular momentum about a point of a rigid body in planar motion; Euler's laws of motion, their independence from Newton's laws, and their necessity in describing rigid body motion; Examples.

Module 6: (7 lectures)

Introduction to three-dimensional rigid body motion — only need to highlight the distinction from two-dimensional motion in terms of (a) Angular velocity vector, and its rate of change and (b) Moment of inertia tensor; Three-dimensional motion of a rigid body wherein all points move in a coplanar manner: e.g. Rod executing conical motion with center of mass fixed — only need to show that this motion looks two-dimensional but is three-dimensional, and two-dimensional formulation fails.

Suggested Reference Books

- (i) Engineering Mechanics, 2nd ed. MK Harbola
- (ii) Introduction to Mechanics MK Verma
- (iii) An Introduction to Mechanics D Kleppner & R Kolenkow
- (iv) Principles of Mechanics JL Synge & BA Griffiths





- (v)Mechanics JP Den Hartog
- (vi) Engineering Mechanics Dynamics, 7th ed. JL Meriam
- (vii)Mechanical Vibrations JP Den Hartog
- (viii)Theory of Vibrations with Applications WT Thomson

Course Outcomes

- Tob. framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar
- ❖ Lancertory Introduction to Mechanics [L:0; T:0; P:3 (1.5 credits)] Choice of 3-4 experiments from the following:
 - Coupled oscillators:
 - periments on an air-track;
 - Experiment on mement of inertia measurement,
 - Experiments with gyroscope;
 - Kesonance phenomena in mechanical oscillators.

Laboratory Outcomes:

• To all framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar



(iii)Introduction to Quantum Mechanics for Engineers [L:3; T:1; P:0 (4 credits)]

Pre-requisites (if any) Mathematics course on differential equations and linear algebra

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation (8 lectures)

Introduction to Quantum mechanics, Wave nature of Particles, Time-dependent and time-independent Schrodinger equation for wavefunction, Born interpretation, probability current, Expectation values, Free-particle wavefunction and wave-packets, Uncertainty principle.

Module 2: Mathematical Preliminaries for quantum mechanics (4 lectures)

Complex numbers. Linear vector spaces, inner product, operators, eigenvalue problems. Hermitian operators. Hermite polynomials, Legendre's equation, spherical harmonics.

Module 3: Applying the Schrodinger equation (15 lectures)

Solution of stationary-state Schrodinger equation for one dimensional problems—particle in a box, particle in attractive delta-function potential, square-well potential, linear harmonic oscillator.

Numerical solution of stationary-state Schrodinger equation for one dimensional problems for different potentials Scattering from a potential barrier and tunneling; related examples like alpha-decay, field-ionization and scanning tunneling microscope

Three-dimensional problems: particle in three dimensional box and related examples, Angular momentum operator, Rigid Rotor, Hydrogen atom ground-state, orbitals, interaction with magnetic field, spin Numerical solution stationary-state radial Schrodinger equation for spherically symmetric potentials.

Module 4: Introduction to molecular bonding (4 lectures)

Particle in double delta-function potential, Molecules (hydrogen molecule, valence bond and molecular orbitals picture). singlet/triplet states, chemical bonding, hybridization

Module 5: Introduction to solids (7 lectures)

Free electron theory of metals, Fermi level, density of states, Application to white dwarfs and neutron stars. Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential, Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands

Numerical solution for energy in one-dimensional periodic lattice by mixing plane waves.

Suggested Text Books

(ii) Eisberg and Resnick. Introduction to Quantum Physics

Suggested Reference Books

- (i) D. J. Griffiths, Quantum mechanics
- (ii) Richard Robinett. Quantum Mechanics
- (iii) Daniel McQuarrie, Quantum Chemistry

Course Outcomes

• To be framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar





- ❖ Laboratory Introduction to Quantum Mechanics for Engineers [L:0; T:0; P:3 (1.5 credits)] Choice of experiments
 - To be framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar

Laboratory Outcomes:

• To be framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar



(ii) Oscillations, waves and optics[L:3; T:1; P:0 (4 credits)]

Pre-requisites (if any)	(i) Mathematics course on Differential equations
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(ii) Introduction to Electromagnetic theory

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator (7 lectures)

Mechanical and electrical simple harmonic oscillators, complex number notation and phasor representation of simple harmonic motion, damped harmonic oscillator – heavy, critical and light damping, energy decay in a damped harmonic oscillator, quality factor, forced mechanical and electrical oscillators, electrical and mechanical impedance, steady state motion of forced damped harmonic oscillator, power absorbed by oscillator.

Module 2: Non-dispersive transverse and longitudinal waves in one dimension and impoduction to dispersion (7 lectures)

Transverse wave on a string, the wave equation on a string, Harmonic waves, reflection and transmission of waves at a boundary, impedance matching, standing waves and their eigen frequencies, longitudinal waves and the wave equation for them, acoustics waves and speed of sound, standing sound waves.

Waves with dispersion, water waves, superposition of waves and Fourier method, wave groups and group velocity.

Module 3: The propagation of light and geometric optics (10 lectures)

Fermat's principle of stationary time and its applications e.g. in explaining mirage effect, laws of reflection and refraction, Light as an electromagnetic wave and Fresnel equations, reflectance and transmittance, Brewster's angle, total internal reflection, and evanescent wave. Mirrors and tenses and optical instruments based on them, transfer formula and the matrix method

Module 4: Wave optics (6 lectures)

Huygens' principle, superposition of waves and interference of light by wavefront splitting and amplitude splitting; Young's double slit experiment, Newton's rings, Michelson interferometer, Mach-Zehnder interferometer.

Farunhofer diffraction from a single slit and a circular aperture, the Rayleigh criterion for limit of resolution and its application to vision; Diffraction gratings and their resolving power

Module 5: Lasers (8)

Einstein's theory of matter radiation interaction and A and B coefficients; amplification of light by population inversion, different types of lasers: gas lasers (He-Ne, CO₂), solid-state lasers(ruby, Neodynhum), dye lasers; Properties of laser beams: mono-chromaticity, coherence, directionality and brightness, laser speckles, applications of lasers in science, engineering and medicine.





Suggested Reference Books

- (i) Ian G. Main, Oscillations and waves in physics
- (ii) H.J. Pain, The physics of vibrations and waves
- (iii)E. Hecht, Ontics
- (iv)A. Ghatak, Optics
- (v)O. Svelto, Principles of Lasers

Course Outcomes

- Table framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar
- * Laboratory Oscillations, waves and optics [L:0; T:0; P:3 (1.5 credits)] Choice of experiments
 - 7 Le framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar

Laboratory Outcomes:

• To be framed by Department of Physics, GJUST, Hisar



Course code	BSC103						
Category	Basic Science Course						
Course title	Maths -I						
Scheme and	L	T	P	Credits	·		
Credits	3	1	0	4			
Pre-requisites (if any)							
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	End se	Class P (4 mark Assignremester e Nine qu Question syllabut Rest of units. All que	nor tests erformar (s) ments, quexaminations an number s. It will the eight	niz etc. (6 ma on: are to be set er one will contain seve t questions i	d through percentage of lectures attended arks) by the examiner. be compulsory and based on the entire en short answers type questions. s to be set with a fair weightage of all the		

(i)Calculus and Linear Algebra

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.

Module 2: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Rolle's Theorem. Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Module 3: Sequences and series: (10 lectures)

Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence; Power series, Taylor's series, series for exponential. trigonometric and logarithm functions; Fourier series: Half range sine and cosine series. Parseval's theorem.

Module 4: Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation): (8 lectures)

Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence.

Module 5: Matrices (10 lectures)

Inverse and rank of a matrix, rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations; Symmetric,





skew-symmetric and orthogonal matrices; Determinants; Eigenvalues and eigenvectors; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, and Orthogonal transformation.

Suggested Text/Reference Books

- (i) G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- (ii) Ervan kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- (iii) Vecrarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- (iv) Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010.
- (v) D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.
- (vi) N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
- (vii) B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

Course Outcomes

The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in calculus, multivariate analysis and linear algebra. It aims to equip the students with standard concease and cools at an intermediate to advanced level that will serve them well towards tackling more advanced level of mathematics and applications that they would find useful in their discipanes.

The students will learn:

- 10 apply differential and integral calculus to notions of curvature and to improper integrals. Apart from some other applications they will have a basic understanding of Beta and Gamma functions.
- The fallouts of Rolle's Theorem that is fundamental to application of analysis to langineering problems.
- The tool of power series and Fourier series for learning advanced Engineering Mathematics.
- To deal with functions of several variables that are essential in most branches of engineering.
- The essential tool of matrices and linear algebra in a comprehensive manner.



Course code		BSC105						
Category		Basic Science Course						
Course title	Math	s-I (for	· Comp	outer Scie	ence & Engg. /Information			
	Technology students)							
Scheme and	L	T	P	Credits	/			
Credits	3	1	0	4	, /			
Pre-requisites (if any)								
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	•	Class P (4 marl Assignmemester e Nine qu Questic syllabu Rest of units. All que	nor tests erformances) ments, questions and numbers. It will the eightestions westions we	niz etc. (6 ma on: are to be set er one will contain sevent t questions i	through percentage of lectures attended arks) by the examiner. be compulsory and based on the entire en short answers type questions. s to be set with a fair weightage of all the			

Paper-I Calculus and Linear Algebra

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Evolutes and involutes: Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties: Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.

Module 2: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Rolle's theorem. Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Moduie 3: Matrices (in case vector spaces is to be taught) (8 lectures)

Matrices, vectors: addition and scalar multiplication, matrix multiplication; Linear systems of equations. linear Independence, rank of a matrix, determinants, Cramer's Rule, inverse of a matrix, Gauss elimination and Gauss-Jordan elighination.

Module 4: Vector spaces (Prerequisite Module 3-Matrices) (10 hours)

Vector Space, linear dependence of vectors, basis, dimension; Linear transformations (maps), range and kernel of a linear map, rank and nullity, Inverse of a linear transformation, rank-nullity theorem, composition of linear maps. Matrix associated with a linear map.

Module 5: Vector spaces (Prerequisite Module 3 -Matrices & Module-4 Vector spaces) (10 lectures) Eigenvalues, eigenvectors, /symmetric, skew-symmetric, and orthogonal Matrices, eigenbases. Diagonalization liner product spaces, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization.





Course code	BSC104						
Category	Basic Science Course						
Course title	Maths-II						
	(Calcu	ilus, Ord	linary l	Differentia	l Equations and Complex		
	Varial				-		
Scheme and	L	T	P	Credits			
Credits	3	1	0	4			
Pre-requisites (if any)							
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	 Internal examination: Two minor tests each of 20 marks Class Performance measured through percentage of lectures attended (4 marks) Assignments, quiz etc. (6 marks) End semester examination: Nine questions are to be set by the examiner. Question number one will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. It will contain seven short answers type questions. Rest of the eight questions is to be set with a fair weightage of all the units. All questions will carry equal marks. 						

Calculus, Ordinary Differential Equations and Complex Variable

Detailed contents

Module 1: Multivariable Calculus (Integration): (10 lectures)

Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes, Center of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities); Triple integrals (Cartesian), orthogonal curvilinear coordinates. Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds: Scalar line integrals, vector line integrals, scalar surface integrals, vector surface integrals. Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes.

Module 2: First order ordinary differential equations: (6 lectures)

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

Module 3: Ordinary differential equations of higher orders: (8 lectures)

Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation; Power series solutions; Legendre polynomials, Bessel functions of the first kind and their properties.

Module 4: Complex Variable - Differentiation: (8 lectures)

Differentiation. Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding





harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties; Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations and their properties.

Modute 5: Complex Variable – Integration: (8 lectures)

Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof). Jouville's theorem and Maximum-Modulus theorem (without proof); Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine, Evaluation of certain improper integrals using the Bromwich contour.

Suggested Text/Reference Books

- (i) G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney. Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- (ii) Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- (iii) W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems. 9th Edn., Wiley India, 2009.
- (iv) S. I. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.
- (v) E. ... Coadington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall India, 1975.
- (vi) E. Ince. Ordinary Defferential Equations, Dover Publications, 1958.
- (viii). As Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7th Ed., Mc-Graw Historical
- (viii) N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 1608.
- (ix) B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

Course Outcomes

The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in multivariate integration, ordinary and partial differential equations and complex variables. It aims to equip the students to deal with advanced level of mathematics and applications that would be essential for their disciplines.

The students will learn:

- The mathematical wols needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.
- The effective mathematical tools for the solutions of differential equations that not alphysical processes.
- * The roots of differentiation and integration of functions of a complex variable that are used in various techniques dealing engineering problems.



Course code	BSC105							
Category	Basic Science Course							
Course sitle	Maths-I (for Computer Science & Engg. /Information Technology students)							
Scheme and	T P Credits							
Credits	3 1 0 4							
Pre-requisites (if any)	-							
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Internal examination: Two minor tests each of 20 marks Class Performance measured through percentage of lectures attended (4 marks) Assignments, quiz etc. (6 marks) End semester examination: Nine questions are to be set by the examiner. Question number one will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. It will contain seven short answers type questions. Rest of the eight questions is to be set with a fair weightage of all the units. All questions will carry equal marks. The Students will be required to attempt 05 questions in all.							

Paper-! Calculus and Linear Algebra

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.

Module 2: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Module 3: Matrices (in case vector spaces is to be taught) (8 lectures)

Matrices, vectors: addition and scalar multiplication, matrix multiplication; Linear systems of equations, linear Independence, rank of a matrix, determinants, Cramer's Rule, inverse of a matrix, Gauss elimination and Gauss-Jordan elimination.

Module 4: Vector spaces (Prerequisite Module 3-Matrices) (10 hours)

Vector Space, linear dependence of vectors, basis, dimension; Linear transformations (maps), range and kernel of a linear map, rank and nullity, Inverse of a linear transformation, rank-nullity theorem, composition of linear maps. Matrix associated with a linear map.

Module 5: Fector spaces (Prerequisite Module 3 – Matrices & Module-4 Vector spaces) (10 lectures) Eigenvalues, eigenvectors, symmetric, skew-symmetric, and orthogonal Matrices, eigenbases. Diagonalization; Inner product spaces, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization.



Suggested Text/Reference Books

- (i) G.B Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint. 2002.
- (ii) Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2000.
- (iii) D. Fooie, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.
- (iv) Vecturajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- (v) Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Repoint, 2010.
- (vi) N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.
- (vii) B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 35th Edition, 2000.
- (viii) V. Krishnamurthy, V.P. Mainra and J.L. Arora, An introduction to Linear Algebra, Affiliated East-West press, Reprint 2005.

Course Outcomes

The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in basic criedus and linear algebra. It aims to equip the students with standard concepts and tools at a intermediate to advanced level that will serve them well towards tackling more advanced level of mathematics and applications that they would find useful in their disciplanes.

The students will learn:

- Fo apply differential and integral calculus to notions of curvature and to improper largerals. Apart from various applications, they will have a basic understanding of the and Gamma functions.
- the essential tools of matrices and linear algebra including linear transformations, eigenvalues, diagonalization and orthogonalization.





Course code	BSC106						
Category	Basic Science Course Maths-II (for Computer Science & Engg./Information Technology Students) Probability and Statistics						
Course title							
Scheme and	L	T	P	Credits			
Credits	3	1	0	4			
Pre-requisites (if any)	-						
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Internal examination: Two minor tests each of 20 marks Class Performance measured through percentage of lectures attended (4 marks) Assignments, quiz etc. (6 marks) End semester examination: Nine questions are to be set by the examiner. Question number one will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. It will contain seven short answers type questions. Rest of the eight questions is to be set with a fair weightage of all the units. All questions will carry equal marks.						

Paper 1: Probability and Statistics

Detaile dontents

Module 1: Basic Probability: (12 lectures)

Probability spaces, conditional probability, independence; Discrete random variables, Independent random variables, the multinomial distribution, Poisson approximation to the binomial distribution, infinite sequences of Bernoulli trials, sums of independent random variables: Expectation of Discrete Random Variables, Moments, Variance of a sum, Correlation coefficient, Chebyshev's Inequality.

Module 2: Continuous Probability Distributions: (4 lectures)

Continuous random varibales and their properties, distribution functions and densities, normal, exponential and gamma densities.

Module 3: Bivariate Distributions: (4 lectures)

Bivariate distributions and their properties, distribution of sums and quotients, conditional densities. Bayes' rule.

Module 4: Basic Statistics: (8 lectures)

Measures of Central tendency: Moments, skewness and Kurtosis - Probability distributions: Binomial Poisson and Normal - evaluation of statistical parameters for these three distributions, Correlation and regression - Rank correlation.



Module 5: Applied Statistics: (8 lectures)

Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting of straight lines, second degree parabolas and more general curves. Test of significance: Large sample test for single proportion, difference of proportions, single mean, difference of means, and difference of standard deviations.

Module 6. Small samples: (4 lectures)

Test for single mean, difference of means and correlation coefficients, test for ratio of variances - Chi-square test for goodness of fit and independence of attributes.

Suggested Text/Reference Books

- (i) Erw is Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 200.
- (ii) P. C. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, Introduction to Probability Theory, Universal Book Stall 2003 (Reprint).
- (iii) S. Koss, A First Course in Probability, 6th Ed., Pearson Education India, 2002.
- (iv) W. Feller, An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications, Vol. 1, 3rd Ed., Wiley, 1968.
- (v) N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.
- (vi)B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 35th Edition, 2000.
- (vii) Merarajan T., Engineering Mathematics (for semester III), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delta 2010.

Course : Comes

The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with statistical techniques. It aims to equilibrie students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level that will serve them well towards tackling various problems in the discipline.

The students will learn:

- The ideas of probability and random variables and various discrete and continuous probability distributions and their properties.
- The basic ideas of statistics including measures of central tendency, correlation and regression.
- estatistical methods of studying data samples.



Conditional Branching and Loops (6 lectures)

Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching (3 lectures)

Iteration and loops (3 lectures)

Unit 3

Arrays (6 legitares)

Arrays (10) 2-D), Character arrays and Strings

Unit 4

Basic Algorithms (6 lectures)

Searching Basic Sorting Algorithms (Bubble, Insertion and Selection), Finding roots of equations audion of order of complexity through example programs (no formal definition required)

Unit 5

Function (5 lectures)

Functions cincluding using built in libraries), Parameter passing in functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions: idea of call by reference

Unit 6

Recursion (2.5 lectures)

Recursive as a different way of solving problems. Example programs, such as Finding Factorian abonacci scales, Ackerman function etc. Quick sort or Merge sort.

Unit 7

Structure (lectures)

Structures, Defining structures and Array of Structures

Unit 8

Pointers (2 lectures)

Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, notion of linked listens implementation)

Unit 9

File hands me (only if time is available, otherwise should be done as part of the lab)

Suggested Test Books

- (i) Byre is that fried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- (ii) E. Baragaruswamy, Programming in ANSIC, Tata McGraw-Hill

Suggested Auforence books

(i) Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall ad halla

Course O ...comes

The student will learn

• ! deamulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.





- To translate the algorithms to programs (in C language).
- Fo test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors.
- To naplement conditional branching, iteration and recursion.
- To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using aidde and conquer approach.
- To use arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.
- Lo apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.
- To apply programming to solve simple numerical method problems, namely rot finding of function, differentiation of function and simple integration.

(ii) Laboratory - Programming for Problem Solving [L:0; T:0; P:4 (2credits)] [The laboratory should be preceded or followed by a tutorial to explain the approach or

algorithm to be implemented for the problem given.]

Tutoria : Problem solving using computers:

Lab1: Figuriarization with programming environment

Tutoria. at Variable types and type conversions:

Lab 2: Sangle computational problems using arithmetic expressions

Tutoria: 3: Branching and logical expressions:

Lab 3: Problems involving if-then-else structures

Tutorial in Loops, while and for loops:

Lab 4: herative problems e.g., sum of series

Tutoria! 5: 1D Arrays: searching, sorting:

Lab 5: 11) Array manipulation

Tutorial of ID arrays and Strings

Lab 6: Mater'x problems, String operations

Tutoria: 7: Functions, ball by value:

Lab 7: Sample functions

Tutorial & &9: Numerical methods (Root finding, numerical differentiation, numerical

integrational

Lab 8 and 5: Programming for solving Numerical methods problems

Tutorial 13: Recursion, structure of recursive calls

Lab 10: Recarsive functions





Tutoriat 11: Pointers, structures and dynamic memory allocation

Lab 11: Pointers and structures

Tutoria: 12: File handling: Lab 12: He operations

Laboratory Outcomes

• 10 formulate the algorithms for simple problems

- To translate given algorithms to a working and correct program
- Lobe able to correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers
- Le able to identify and correct logical errors encountered at run time
- To be able to write iterative as well as recursive programs
- To be able to represent data in arrays, strings and structures and manipulate them through a program
- Le be able to declare pointers of different types and use them in defining self referential structures.
- The be able to create, read and write to and from simple text files.



Course code	HSMC 101 Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses English						
Category							
Course title							
Scheme and	L	T	P	Credits			
Credits	2	0	2	3			
Pre-requisites (if any)	•••						
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	•	Class lattendo Assigni emester of Nine qu Question syllabu Rest of the un	nor test Perform ed (4 ma ments, q examina uestions on numl is. It will the eig its.	arks) quiz etc. (6 n ation: are to be se per one will all contain se ht questions	ured through percentage of lectures narks) t by the examiner. be compulsory and based on the entire ven short answers type questions. s is to be set with a fair weightage of al		

English (L:2;T:0;P:2 (3 credits))

Detailed contents

1. Vocabulary Building

The concept of Word Formation

Root words from foreign languages and their use in English

Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives.

Synonyms, antonyms, and standard abbreviations.

2. Basic Writing Skills

Sentence Structures

Use of phrases and clauses in sentences

Importance of proper punctuation

Creating coherence

Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents

Techniques for writing precisely

3. Identifying Common Errors in Writing

Subject-verb agreement

Noun-pronoun agreement

Misplaced modifies

Articles

Prepositions



Course code	HSMC 101						
Category	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses						
Course title	Engli	sh					
Scheme and	L	T	P	Credits			
Credits	2	0	2	3			
Pre-requisites (if any)							
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	•	Class I attended Assignmenter of Nine question syllabur Rest of the united All question attention attentio	Performed (4 manents, quexaminants) on numbers. It will the eights.	arks) quiz etc. (6 m ation: are to be se per one will all contain se at questions	ured through percentage of lectures narks) t by the examiner. be compulsory and based on the entire ven short answers type questions. is to be set with a fair weightage of al		

English ($\{L: 2; T:0; P: 2 (3 \text{ credits})\}$

Detailed contents

1. Vocabulary Building

The concept of Word Formation

Root words from foreign languages and their use in English

Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives.

Synonyms, antonyms, and standard abbreviations.

2. Basic Writing Skills

Sentence Structures

Use of phrases and clauses in sentences

Importance of proper punctuation

Creating coherence

Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents

Techniques for writing precisely

3. Identifying Common Errors in Writing

Subject-verb agreement

Noun-pronoun agreement

Misplaced modifies

Articles

Prepositions





Redundancies Cliches

4. Nature and Style of sensible Writing

Describing

Defining

Classifying

Providing examples or evidence

Writing introduction and conclusion

5. Writing Practices

Connected

Préce Vriting

Essay Writing

6. Oral Communication

(This unit involves interactive practice sessions in Language Lab)

- Listening Comprehension
- Programmation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm
- Contation Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues
- Communication at Workplace
- Interviews
- For Afresentations

Suggested steadings:

- (i) Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- (ii) Keng Sail English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan.2007
- (iii) On waking Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
- (iv) Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
- (v) Conveniential Skills. Sanjay Kumar and Pushp Lata. Oxford University Press. 2011.
- (vi) Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press

Course villeames

The statest will acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills.



Course code		ESC 102						
Category		Engineering Science Courses						
Course title		Engineering Graphics & Design (Lab.)						
Scheme and Credits		L	T	P	Credits	Only end semester practical		
		1	0	4	3	examination will be conducted for this		
						course.		
Pre-requisi	tes (if	-						
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Lab.	!	coording The end by ext written written	nator. d semest ernal a n Exam n examin	ter practica nd internal ination on nation will	l examination will be conducted jointly examiners by taking viva-voce and drawing sheet. Question paper for be based on the entire syllabus and to ernal examiners both.		

Engineering Graphics & Design [A total of 10 lecture hours & 60 hours of lab.]

[[L:1; T:0; P:4 (3 credits)]

Detailed contents

Traditional Engineering Graphics:

Principles of Engineering Graphics; Orthographic Projection; Descriptive Geometry; Drawing Principles; Isometric Projection; Surface Development; Perspective; Reading a Drawing; Sectional Views; Dimensioning & Tolerances; True Length, Angle; intersection, Shortest Distance.

Computer Graphics

Engineering Graphics Software: -Spatial Transformations; Orthographic Projections; Model Viewing: Co-ordinate Systems; Multi-view Projection; Exploded Assembly; Model Viewing; Animation; Spatial Manipulation; Surface Modelling; Solid Modelling; Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM)

(Except the basic essential concepts, most of the teaching part can happen concurrently in the laboratory)

Mountle 1: Introduction to Engineering Drawing covering,

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Conic sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola (General method only); Cycloid, Epicycloid, Hypocycloid and Involute; Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales;

Module 2: Orthographic Projections covering,

Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points and lines inclined to both planes; Projections of planes inclined Planes - Auxiliary Planes;

Module 3: Projection, of Regular Solids covering,

those inclined to both the Planes- Auxiliary Views; Draw simple annotation, dimensioning and scale. Floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower,





etc

Module 4: Sections and Sectional Views of Right Angular Solids covering,

Prism. Cyanider, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary Views; Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Frism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone; Draw the sectional orthographic views of geometrical solids, objects from industry and dwellings (foundation to slab only)

Module & Sometric Projections covering,

Principles of Isometric projection – Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions; Isometric Views of Takes, Planes. Simple and compound Solids; Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa, Conventions;

Module a Overview of Computer Graphics covering,

Listing the computer technologies that impact on graphical communication, Demonstra ng knowledge of the theory of CAD software [such as: The Menu System, Toothan Grandard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Backgarand, Constairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus autton Bars). The Command Line (where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods a zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Sample and compound Solids];

Module | Sustamization & CAD Drawing

Consisted of set up of the drawing page and the printer, including scale settings, Setting up of unit and drawing limits; ISO and ANSI standards for coordinate dimensioning and tolerance in Orthographic constraints, Snap to objects manually and automatically; Producing drawing servusing various coordinate input entry methods to draw straight lines, Applying various ways of drawing circles;

Module & Annotations, layering & other functions covering

Applying aimensions to objects, applying annotations to drawings; Setting up and use of layers eyers to create drawings, Create, edit and use customized layers; Changing line to disconsisting modifying existing lines (extend/lengthen); Printing documents to paper using the print command; orthographic projection techniques; Drawing sectional views of composite right regular geometric solids and project the true shape of the sectioned surface; the ving annotation, Computer-aided design (CAD) software modeling of parts and assemblies. Parametric and non-parametric solid, surface, and wireframe models. Part editing and two-dimensional documentation of models. Planar projection theory, including sketching of perspective, isometric, multiview, auxiliary, and section views. Spatial visualization exercises. Dimensioning guidelines, tolerancing techniques; dimensioning and sear multi views of dwelling;

Module & Bemonstration of a simple team design project that illustrates

Geometria and topology of engineered components: creation of engineering models and their presents or in standard 2D blueprint form and as 3D wire-frame and shaded solids; meshed topologica for engineering analysis and tool-path generation for component manufacture; geometric dimensioning and tolerancing; Use of solid-modeling software for creating associated models at the component and assembly levels; floor plans that include: windows, doors as distures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc. Applying colour coding according to building drawing practice; Drawing sectional elevation showing foundation to ceiling;



Introduction to Building information Modelling (BIM).

Suggested Text/Reference Books:

- (i) Bhatt N.D., Panchat V.M. & Ingle P.R., (2014), Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House
- (ii) Shah, M.B. & Rana B.C. (2008), Engineering Drawing and Computer Graphics, Pearson Education
- (iii) Agrawal B. & Agrawal C. M. (2012), Engineering Graphics, TMH Publication
- (iv) Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Text book on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publishers
- (v) (Corresponding set of) CAD Software Theory and User Manuals

Course Outcomes

All phases of manufacturing or construction require the conversion of new ideas and design concepts into the basic line language of graphics. Therefore, there are many areas (civil, mechanical, electrical, architectural and industrial) in which the skills of the CAD technicians play major roles in the design and development of new products or construction. Students prepare for actual work situations through practical training in a new state-of-the-art computer designed CAD laboratory using engineering software. This course is designed to address:

- to prepare you to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- to prepare you to communicate effectively
- to prepare you couse the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice

The student will learn:

- Introduction to engineering design and its place in society
- Exposure to the visual aspects of engineering design
- Exposure to engineering graphics standards
- Exposure to solid modelling
- Exposure to computer-aided geometric design
- Exposure to creating working drawings
- Exposure to engineering communication





Course code		ESC 104							
Category		Engineering Science Courses							
Course title		Workshop/Manufacturing Practices (Theory & Lab.)							
Scheme and		L	T	P	Credits				
Credits		1	0	4	3	•			
Pre-requisi any)	ites (if	-		I					
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	·	 Internal Examination: Two minor tests each of 20 marks Class Performance measured through percentage of lectures attended (4 marks) Assignments, quiz etc. (6 marks) End semester examination: Nine questions are to be set by the examiner. Question number one will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. It will contain seven short answers type questions. Rest of the eight questions is to be set with a fair weightage of all the units. All questions will carry equal marks. The Students will be required to attempt 05 questions in all. 							
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Lab.	 Internal practical evaluation is to be done by the course coordinator. The end semester practical examination will be conducted jointly by external and internal examiners. 							

Workshop/Manufacturing Practices [L:1; T:0; P:0 (1 credit)]

Lectures & videos: (10 hours)

Detailed contents

- 1. Manufacturing Methods- casting, forming, machining, joining, advanced manufacturing methods (3 lectures)
- 2. CNC machining, Additive manufacturing (1 lecture)
- 3. Fitting operations & power tools (1 lecture)
- 4. Electrical & Electronics (1 lecture)
- 5. Carpentry (1 lecture)
- 6. Plastic moulding, glass cutting (1 lecture)
- 7. Metal casting (1 lecture)
- 8. Welding (arc welding & gas welding), brazing (1 lecture)

Suggested Text/Reference Books:

(i) Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., "Elements of Workshop Technology", Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai.



- (ii) Kalpakjian S. And Steven S. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", 4th edition, Pearson Education India Edition, 2002.
- (iii)Gowri P. Hariharan and A. Suresh Babu,"Manufacturing Technology I" Pearson Education, 2008.
- (iv)Roy A. Lindberg. 'Processes and Materials of Manufacture', 4th edition, Prentice Hall India, 1998.
- (v) Rao P.N., "Manufacturing Technology", Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGrawHill House, 2017.

Course Outcomes

Upon completion of this course, the students will gain knowledge of the different manufacturing processes which are commonly employed in the industry, to fabricate components using different materials.

(ii) Workshop Practice: (60 hours) [L:0; T:0; P:4 (2 credits)]

- 1. Machine shop (10 hours)
- 2. Fitting shop (8 hours)
- 3. Carpentry (6 hours)
- 4. Electrical & Electromes(8 hours)
- 5. Welding shop (8 hours (Arc welding 4 hrs + gas welding 4 hrs),
- 6. Casting (8 hours)
- 7. Smithy (6 hours)
- 8. Plastic moulding & Glass Cutting (6 hours)

Examinations could involve the actual fabrication of simple components, utilizing one or more of the techniques covered above.

Laboratory Outcomes

- Upon completion of this laboratory course, students will be able to fabricate components with their own hands.
- They will also get practical knowledge of the dimensional accuracies and dimensional coverances possible with different manufacturing processes.
- By assembling different components, they will be able to produce small devices of their learnest.



Course code		ESC 101							
Category		Engineering Science Course Theory & Lab.							
Course title		Basic Electrical Engineering (Theory & Lab.)							
Scheme and Credits		L	T	P	Credits				
		3	1	2	5				
Pre-requisite	es (if any)	-							
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Theory	 Internal Examination: Two minor tests each of 20 marks Class Performance measured through percentage of lectures attended (4 marks) Assignments, quiz etc. (6 marks) End semester examination: Nine questions are to be set by the examiner. Question number one will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. It will contain seven short answers type questions. Rest of the eight questions is to be set with a fair weightage of all the units. All questions will carry equal marks. The Students will be required to attempt 05 questions in all. 							
Course Assessment Methods (Internal: 30; External: 70)	Lab.		coord The e	inator. nd seme		nation is to 'be done by the course al examination will be conducted jointly examiners.			

(i)Basic Electrical Engineering [L: 3; T:1; P: 0 (4 credits)]

Detailed contents:

Module 1 : DC Circuits (8 hours)

Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, Kirchoff current and voltage laws, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems. Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

Module 2: AC Circuits (8 hours)

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor. Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R. L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance. Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

Module 3: Transformers (6 hours)

Magnetic materials, BH characteristics, ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency. Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections.



Module 4: Electrical Machines (8 hours)

Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic. Loss components and efficiency, starting and speed control of induction motor. Single-phase induction motor. Construction, working, torque-speed characteristic and speed control of separately excited dc motor. Construction and working of synchronous generators.

Module 5: Power Converters (6 hours)

DC-DC buck and boost converters, duty ratio control. Single-phase and three-phase voltage source inverters; sinusoidal modulation.

Module 6: Electrical Installations (6 hours)

Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

Suggested Text / Reference Books

- (i) D. P. Kothari and L. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- (ii) D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009.
- (iii) L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
- (iv. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
- (v) V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.

Course Outcomes

- To understand and analyze basic electric and magnetic circuits
- To study the working principles of electrical machines and power converters.
- To introduce the components of low voltage electrical installations

(ii)Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory [L:0; T:0; P:2 (1 credit)]

List of experiments/demonstrations:

- Basic safety precautions. Introduction and use of measuring instruments voltmeter, ammeter, multi-meter, oscilloscope. Real-life resistors, capacitors and inductors.
- Measuring the steady-state and transient time-response of R-L, R-C, and R-L-C circuits to a step change in voltage (transient may be observed on a storage oscilloscope). Sinusoidal steady state response of R-L, and R-C circuits impedance calculation and verification. Observation of phase differences between current and voltage. Resonance in R-L-C circuits.
- Fransformers: Observation of the no-load current waveform on an oscilloscope (non-sinusoidal wave-shape due to B-H curve nonlinearity should be shown along with a discussion about harmonics). Loading of a transformer: measurement of primary and secondary voltages and currents, and power.
- Three-phase transformers: Star and Delta connections. Voltage and Current relationships (line-line voltage, phase-to-neutral voltage, line and phase currents). Phase-shifts between the primary and secondary side. Cumulative three-phase power in balanced three-phase circuits.
- Demonstration of cut-out sections of machines: dc machine (commutator-brush arrangement), induction machine (squirrel cage rotor), synchronous machine (field winging slip ring arrangement) and single-phase induction machine.
- Torque Speed Characteristic of separately excited dc motor.





 Synchronous speed of two and four-pole, three-phase induction motors. Direction reversal by change of phase-sequence of connections. Torque-Slip Characteristic of an induction motor. Generator operation of an induction machine driven at supersynchronous speed.

Synchronous Machine operating as a generator: stand-alone operation with a load. Control of voltage through field excitation.

Demonstration of (a) dc-dc converters (b) dc-ac converters - PWM waveform (c) the use of dc-ac converter for speed control of an induction motor and (d) Components of LT switchgear.

Laboratory Outcomes

- Get an exposure to common electrical components and their ratings.
- Make electrical connections by wires of appropriate ratings.
- Understand the usage of common electrical measuring instruments.
- Understand the basic characteristics of transformers and electrical machines.
- Get an exposure to the working of power electronic converters.